

# IDN Variant Issues Project Greek Case Study Team Update

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# Current Status

- The Greek Case Study Team developed a Report: “Study of the issues present in the registration of IDN TLDs in GREEK characters”
- The report was posted for comment in the Public Forum on 07 October 2011. See: <http://www.icann.org/en/public-comment/idn-vip-greek-07oct11-en.htm>.
- Comments will be accepted in the Forum until 14 November 2011.



# Structure of the Report

- Introduction-Disclaimer
- Definitions
- Useful key points regarding the Greek language
- Proposed Characters for Registrations
- Issues concerned
- Proposed solutions
- Recommendations
- Appendix (table of proposed allowed characters for Greek TLD registrations)



# Definitions

- Homograph
- Homophone
- Greeklish
- Aliased Name
- Name Aliasing
- Bundling Domain Names
- Tonos
- Dialytika
- Katharevousa
- Dimotiki



# Useful Key Points

- **The Greek Language Question**

Diglossia: Katharevousa vs. Dimotiki

(e.g. Πειραιεύς - Πειραιάς)

- **The Greek Orthography**

Polytonic vs. Monotonic (e.g. the Lord's Prayer)

- Πάτερ ἡμῶν ὁ ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς, ἁγιασθήτω τὸ ὄνομά σου, ἐλθέτω ἡ βασιλεία σου, γενηθήτω τὸ θέλημά σου, ὡς ἐν οὐρανῷ καὶ ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς
- Πάτερ ημών ο εν τοις ουρανοίς, αγιασθήτω το όνομά σου, ελθέτω η βασιλεία σου, γενηθήτω το θέλημά σου, ως εν ουρανώ και επί της γης





# Proposed Characters for Registrations

## Only Monotonic characters are allowed!

- Monotonic characters are used today in the spelling of Greek words.
- Polytonic characters for TLD registration offer no significant advantage for the average user.
- This recommendation stands only for the Greek TLDs; registries are encouraged to decide upon the use of the polytonic characters in their policy for the lower levels.



# Issues Concerned

## The sigma and final sigma

- σ (small, U+03C3) e.g. ασπίδα (shield)
- Σ (capital, U+03A3) e.g. Σοφία (female name)
- ς (small final, U+03C2) e.g. τέλος (end)

but...

- IDNA2003: σ <-> Σ <-> ς (e.g. θησαυρός - treasure)  
θησαυρός → ΘΗΣΑΥΡΟΣ → θησαυροσ → **not correct Greek!**
- IDNA2008: σ and ς are different accepted characters,  
treated separately - reverse mapping no possible!





# Issues Concerned, Cont.

## The IDNA approach of translating Greek words into domain names

- .ελλάς (.xn--hxarsa0b) small letters form
- .ελλάς (.xn--mxahsa0b) misspelled without the tonos
- .ΕΛΛΑΣ (.ελλάσ) (.xn--mxahsa5b) capital letters form
- in IDNA2008 uppercase letters are disallowed - however an application may map them to allowed characters

but...

a typical user expects to type the domain name in uppercase and lowercase and end up at the same result, as it happens in ASCII

thus:

a word (or string) without a tonos should be addressed as variant



# Issues Concerned, Cont.

- **Homographs**
  - EETT (greek/capital) - EETT (latin/capital)
  - εεττ (greek/small) - eett (latin/small)
  - Αθήνα - Αθηνά → ΑΘΗΝΑ
- **Homophones**
  - lotto - λοττο (or λoto)
- **Greeklish**
  - Αθήνα → Athina / Aθina / Aθhna



# Issues Concerned, Cont.

- **Registrations containing the tonos accent**
  - ✓ the majority of the words in small letters have to have the tonos accent over one of the vowels to be spelled correctly
  - ✓ a domain without the tonos is consisting of the letters of the upper case form of the domain name, if the final sigma is not present
  - ✓ many domain names represent words and the user will expect them to have the tonos accent
- **Registrations containing the final sigma**
  - ✓ the use of the final sigma is essential for the correct spelling of the Greek words and male names



# Issues Concerned, Cont.

## What should be considered as “*variant*”?

- ✓ a variant of a label representing a word (accented by tonos in small letters’ form) could be the same word in capital letters, since the capital letters are not accented,
- ✓ the variation of a given word in Katharevousa and Dimotiki,
- ✓ the monotonic and the polytonic form of the word,
- ✓ accented and not-accented forms of a word/string,
- ✓ the variation of a word/string retaining the final sigma at the exact requested position between the one when the final sigma (ς) is replaced by the middle sigma (σ),
- ✓ variations created by changing case a word/string from small to capital letters, according to the Greek grammar



# Proposed Solutions - The Variants Proposal

- Accepted characters: small, monotonic, including characters with tonos, dialytika and their combination
- The domain name will be accepted at the exact requested form
- The same domain will be allocated to the registrant, stripped of the accent marks and final sigmas, if any (variant 1)
- The same domain will be allocated to the registrant, stripped of the accent marks, retaining the final sigmas, at their original positions (variant 2)





# Proposed Solutions-The Variants Proposal,cont.

- Alternative positioning of the tonos accent is not allowed
- Alternative positioning of the final sigma is not allowed
- Alternative, same meaning words, are not allowed (if the domain name consists of words) - it is the “Katharevousa vs. Dimotiki” issue. The applicant will only choose to register one and the other should be excluded from registration
- Two options for handling the allocated variants:
  - they enter the root zone as DNAMEs
  - they are treated as FQDNs





# Proposed Solutions - Small Characters Proposal

- Accepted characters: small, monotonic, including characters with tonos, dialytika and their combination
- The only accepted form of the domain name is the form that is originally submitted by the applicant, with the specific tonos' positions and the possible final sigmas
- The same form, stripped of accents is not allowed
- The same form, stripped of the accents and with any combination of sigma/ final sigma, is not allowed



## Proposed Solutions-Small Characters Proposal,cont.

- Alternative positioning of the tonos accent is not allowed
- Alternative, same meaning words, are not allowed (if the domain name consists of words) - it is the “Katharevousa vs. Dimotiki” issue. The applicant will only choose to register one and the other should be excluded from registration



# Recommendations

Taking into account:

- the advantages and disadvantages of each proposal
- the average internet user's experience, needs and expectations
- the current protocols' status and technology's limitations

The Greek Case Study Team recommends as the most appropriate solution **the Variants proposal**



# Next Steps

- The Public Comment Forum on the Greek Case Study Team report ends on 14 November 2011.
- The Greek Case Study Team will analyze the comments and determine how to address them and whether to revise the Report.
- The Greek, Cyrillic and Latin Study Teams must interact to identify cross-script issues that might be present between Latin, Greek and Cyrillic characters.



Thank You



# Questions

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